Cardiovascular Alterations Team



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The University of Alabama at Birmingham

The C.A.R.D.I.A.C. Study: E 377

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> Cardiac **Abnormalities in Rhythm and Diastolic function due to** Inactivity, **Atrophy and** Confinement

2014 Mars Design Reference Mission Scenario (typical)





Death in Space

- To date, all mortality in spaceflight due to equipment failure:
 - Apollo 1 fire 1967
 - Soyuz 1 landing 1967
 - Soyuz 11 decompression 1971
 - STS-25 Challenger explosion 1986
 - STS-107 Columbia re-entry disintegration 2003
- Just like test pilot work, or expeditions into demanding environments (Everest, Antarctica) the task itself is the main risk.

<u>BIOLOGICAL MODEL OF SUDDEN</u> <u>CARDIAC DEATH</u>

<u>Structure</u> **Function Ischemia or** Myocardial ightarrowInfarction Reperfusion – Acute Circulatory - Chronic Collapse Systemic Cardiomyopathy ightarrow**Factors** - Hypertrophic Dilated Neurohumoral **Electrical** Effects Abnormality As Adapted from Am J Cardiology 89

Myerburg et al

Causes of Sudden Death in Athletes



- 1. HCM (48%)
- 2. Idiopathic LVH (18%)
- 3. Coronary Anomalies (14%)

"autopsy negative" SCD --? role of genetic screening

As adapted from Barry J. Maron 1983

%)

Causes of Sudden Death in Athletes



- HCM (48%)
 Idiopathic LVH (18%)
 Coronary Anomaliae (149)
- 3. Coronary Anomalies (14%)

Coronary Disease (80%)
 HCM (5%)
 MVP (5%)

"autopsy negative" SCD -- ? role of genetic screening

As adapted from Barry J. Maron 1983

Angiographic View (Diameter)



Histologic View (Diameter)



Plaque Rupture As Cause Of MI





The majority of plaques that rupture are **<u>NOT</u>** severely narrowed and do not cause ischemia.





From Church, Levine et al, Atherosclerosis 2007





From Church, Levine et al, Atherosclerosis 2007



From Church, Levine et al, Atherosclerosis 2007



From Church, Levine et al, Atherosclerosis 2007

CAC = 0 Carries <u>Very</u> Low Risk of Events (~0.5/1000 per year)



Progression of CAC May Also Be Important



MDCT Can Detect Features of Vulnerable Plaque



Motoyama et al, JACC 2007

Problems with Multi-Detector CT Angiography

- 1. Requires slow heart rate (often give β -blockers);
- 2. High radiation doses (prospective ECG gating may help);
- 3. Requires large dose of contrast (nothing will help);
- 4. Difficult to quantify/no prospective data;

5. Expense!

what are the cutpoints for treatment?
 (size of plaque and necrotic core, thinness of cap, amount of remodeling, etc.)

- where to look in the coronary tree?
- when is invasive therapy indicated (in asx patient)?

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37 yo woman 11 years after XRT For Hodgkins Disease





Cardiovascular Radiation Medicine 5 (2004) 38-43

Summary: Iron ion and proton irradiation of vascular endothelium affects subsequent adhesion of monocytic cells Dennis F. Kucik, MD, Ph.D, et al.

University of Alabama at Birmingham and Birmingham Veterans Administration Medical Center

- Radiation causes inflammation, and chronic, low-level vascular inflammation is a risk factor for atherosclerosis.
 - Consistent with increased risk of cardiovascular disease among radiation-therapy paieints, atomic bomb survivors, and early radiation techs (prior to 1950)
- At least part of the inflammatory response to radiation is a change in the adhesiveness of the endothelial cells that line the blood vessels
 - This triggers inappropriate accumulation of white blood cells, which can set off an inflammatory cascade
- Hypothesis: Radiation of the type encountered on deep space missions alters the adhesive properties of vascular endothelium, and resultant vascular inflammation accelerates atherosclerosis.
- <u>Approach:</u>
 - Irradiate endothelial cell monolayers to determine the effect of radiation on cell adhesion
 - Irradadiate mouse aortic arches and carotids to determine the effect of radiation on development of atherosclerosis
- Results:
- Both iron ion and proton irradiation of aortic endothelial cells
 - Increases surface expression of specific adhesion molecules
 - Increases endothelial cell adhesiveness for monocytic cells
 - Greatest effect is not at the highest radiation dose
 Suggests mechanism other than simple cell surface damage
 - Experiments with whole mice are underway to determine whether development of atherosclerosis is accelerated



Total adhesion of monocytes to 56 Fe-irradiated endothelial cells





RESULTS: The DHE fluorescence rate in the aorta segments of rats exposed to 1 Gy was significantly greater than that of control rats ($8.45e-5\pm0.733e-5$ sec⁻¹ versus $4.84e-5\pm1.29e-5$ sec⁻¹, *p*<0.05). Furthermore, 30 minutes of Oxp incubation significantly attenuated the DHE response in irradiated aorta.





RESULTS: Following 10⁻⁵M ACh administration, aortas of 0Gy rats demonstrated a 25% fluorescent rate increase from baseline slope (125±8.42%), while aortas of the 1Gyirradiated rats have a negligible response (97.0±6.22%). Dietary XO inhibition elevated this response significantly, compared to untreated, 1Gy irradiated rats (159±19.4%, **P*<0.05). The SNP response between groups is similar, implying that DAF-FM loading is consistent and sufficient.



RESULTS: In the study of chronic XO inhibition, rats exposed to 100cGy radiation possessed a significantly elevated PWV (4.45 ± 0.244 m/sec, n=8) from 0cGy-exposed rats (n=10, *P*<0.01) and 100cGy Oxp-diet rats (n=6, *P*<0.05). The PWV measurements in 0cGy and 100cGy+Oxp rats are not statistically different.



RESULTS: Sham irradiated rats (n=8) produced maximal relaxations of 86.7±2.40%. Rats receiving Oxp drinking water demonstrated a vasorelaxation improvement (93.1±6.71%, n=6) from sham rats and 100cGy-exposed rats (79.0±3.00%, n=8). These data were fit with sigmoidal dose-response equation. Comparing the fits with F test analysis indicates that the maximal responses and fitted curves are statistically different between treatment groups (*P*<0.05).



<u>Key Points</u>

- Spaceflight is a risky business but if the astronaut's environment is secure, coronary disease is the biggest lifethreatening medical risk;
- 2. Current screening strategies make the risk of flying an astronaut with subclinical disease small;
- 3. Space radiation exposure may inflame the coronary arteries, potentially accelerating atherosclerosis;
- 4. We are working on strategies to quantify this risk, and develop preventive approaches.

...And yet there is no sign of humans in this picture, not our reworking of the Earth's surface, not our machines, not ourselves. From this vantage point, our obsession with nationalism is nowhere in evidence.



The *Apollo* pictures of the whole Earth conveyed to multitudes something well known to astronomers: *On the scale of worlds--to say nothing of stars or galaxies-- humans are inconsequential*, a thin film of life on an obscure and solitary lump of rock and metal.

...But for us, it's different. Look again at that dot. That's here. That's home. That's us. On it everyone you love, everyone you know, everyone you ever heard of, every human being who ever was, lived out their lives.



...The aggregate of our joy and suffering, thousands of confident religions, ideologies, and economic doctrines,... every hero and coward, ...every mother and father,... every "superstar", "supreme leader", saint and sinner in the history of our species lived there--on a mote of dust suspended in a sunbeam.

...Think of the rivers of blood spilled by all those generals and emperors so that, in glory and triumph, they could become the momentary masters of a fraction of a dot...



There is perhaps no better demonstration of the folly of human conceits than this distant image of our tiny world. To me, it underscores our responsibility to deal more kindly with one another, and to preserve and cherish the pale blue dot, the only home we've ever known





